APPENDIX "A."

County	Population[1]	Registered Voters 1964[2]	Votes Cast for President in 1964[3]	Population of Voting Age in 1960[3] Total	Nonwhite Number	Nonwhite Percent	Per Capita Income[4] 1960	% of Voting Age Pop. Voting for Pres. in 1964	% Illiterate Over 25
Appling	13,246	9,843	4,159	7,263	1,401	19.3	$ 759	57.2%	21.7
Atkinson	6,188	3.472	1,968	3,298	812	24.6	604	59.6%	20.7
Bacon	8,359	4,715	3,315	4,739	536	11.3	876	69.9%	23.5
Baker	4,543	2,103	1,514	2,424	1,285	53.0	544	62.4%	20.3
Baldwin	34,064	8,716	6,170	25,344	9,235	36.4	850	24.3%	37.0
Banks	6,497	3,876	1,806	4,063	213	5.2	930	44.4%	28.0
Barrow	14,485	6,856	4,593	9,197	1,332	14.5	1,170	49.9%	28.8
Bartow	28,267	15,205	7,448	17,335	2,393	13.8	1,201	42.9%	26.8
Ben Hill	13,633	5,518	3,612	8,367	2,436	29.1	1,064	43.1%	29.3
Berrien	12,038	7,136	6,731	7,143	964	13.5	871	94.2%	25.3
Bibb	141,249	54,872	43,472	87,241	26,812	30.7	1,591	49.8%	26.7
Bleckley	9,642	4,695	3,556	5,908	1,380	23.4	956	60.1%	24.4
Brantley	5,891	4,326	2,140	3,238	384	11.9	811	66.0%	22.3
Brooks	15,292	4,747	3,369	8,770	3,711	42.3	736	38.4%	24.7
Bryan	6,226	3,590	2,290	3,400	1,111	32.7	814	67.3%	21.5
Bulloch	24,263	12,156	7,543	14,438	4,337	30.0	975	52.5%	23.9
Burke	20,596	5,069	4,242	10,958	6,600	60.2	629	38.7%	20.2
Butts	8,976	4,574	2,795	5,294	2,099	39.6	986	52.7%	26.0
Calhoun	7,341	2,039	1,355	4,047	2,393	59.1	705	33.4%	22.7
Camden	9,975	4,498	3,495	5,506	2,059	37.4	1,265	63.4%	21.8
Candler	6,672	3,779	2,505	3,914	1,200	30.7	749	64.0%	26.2
Carroll	36,451	14,250	9,778	22,829	3,595	15.7	1,170	42.8%	27.0
Catoosa	21,101	11,530	7,065	12,542	172	1.4	1,341	56.3%	25.2
Charlton	5,313	2,484	1,753	2,887	810	28.1	983	60.7%	21.1
Chatham	188,299	71,618	56,317	115,681	37,563	32.5	1,513	48.6%	26.2
Chattahoochee	13,011	541	437	9,891	1,830	18.5	1,766	04.4%	22.1
Chattooga	19,954	9,494	5,462	12,485	1,025	8.2	1,124	43.7%	27.9
Cherokee	23,001	13,450	6,587	14,481	517	3.6	1,068	45.4%	27.1
Clarke	45,363	16,807	12,394	30,635	6,740	22.0	1,480	40.4%	24.4

County	Population[1]	Registered Voters 1964[2]	Votes Cast for President in 1964[3]	Population of Voting Age in 1960[3] Total	Nonwhite Number	Nonwhite Percent	Per Capita Income[4] 1960	% of Voting Age Pop. Voting for Pres. in 1964	% Illiterate Over 25
Clay	4,551	1,293	904	2,571	1,441	56.0	915	35.1%	23.9
Clayton	46,365	20,378	16,357	26,452	2,456	9.3	1,586	61.8%	23.6
Clinch	6,545	2,693	1,790	3,629	1,256	34.6	828	49.3%	22.5
Cobb	114,174	52,949	37,510	67,859	4,568	6.7	1,762	55.2%	25.1
Coffee	21,953	13,685	7,111	12,659	2,977	23.5	894	56.1%	22.8
Colquitt	34,048	13,353	9,056	20,063	4,081	20.3	1,034	45.1%	24.9
Columbia	13,423	5,463	4,003	7,460	2,364	31.7	988	53.6%	22.0
Cook	11,822	7,860	3,395	6,968	1,755	25.2	$ 923	48.7%	25.2
Coweta	28,893	13,100	7,368	17,470	5,579	31.9	1,220	42.1%	26.4
Crawford	5,816	2,080	1,680	3,207	1,611	50.2	742	52.3%	21.6
Crisp	17,768	7,250	5,093	10,309	3,858	37.4	985	49.4%	25.6
Dade	8,666	5,422	2,605	4,873	70	1.4	990	53.4%	22.5
Dawson	3,590	2,162	1,571	2,149	1	(Z)	671	73.1%	22.2
Decatur	25,203	10,983	7,071	14,584	5,515	37.8	970	48.4%	24.2
DeKalb	256,782	117,740	86,602	160,574	12,407	7.7	2,136	53.9%	27.2
Dodge	16,483	12,869	5,661	9,720	2,328	24.0	928	58.2%	25.4
Dooly	11,474	5,117	3,133	6,447	2,866	44.5	704	48.5%	23.4
Dougherty	75,680	21,842	18,024	44,060	14,163	32.1	1,387	40.9%	23.0
Douglas	16,741	9,632	5,816	9,863	1,268	12.9	1,210	58.9%	24.6
Early	13,151	4,714	3,169	7,290	3,277	45.0	613	43.4%	23.3
Echols	1,876	896	583	1,078	246	22.8	822	54.0%	22.9
Effingham	10,144	4,261	3,356	5,764	1,756	30.5	960	58.2%	23.9
Elbert	17,835	10,389	5,059	10,879	3,127	28.7	1,023	46.5%	27.3
Emanuel	17,815	8,228	5,590	10,632	3,005	28.3	937	52.5%	26.7
Evans	6,952	3,371	2,371	4,046	1,308	32.3	882	58.6%	24.7
Fannin	13,620	8,266	6,267	8,142	31	0.4	979	76.9%	27.3
Fayette	8,199	not available	2,245	4,775	1,190	24.9	1,051	47.0%	24.4
Floyd	69,130	25,760	18,239	44,179	5,949	13.5	1,465	41.2%	28.4
Forsyth	12,170	6,539	3,153	7,332	4	0.1	963	43.0%	25.4
Franklin	13,274	10,953	3,622	8,387	776	9.3	962	43.1%	28.6
Fulton	556,146	224,031	166,745	364,941	117,049	32.1	1,941	45.6%	28.7

County	Population[1]	Registered Voters 1964[2]	Votes Cast for President in 1964[3]	Voting Age in 1960[3] Population of			Per Capita Income[4] 1960	% of Voting Age Pop. Voting for Pres. in 1964	% Illiterate Over 25
				Total	Nonwhite Number	Nonwhite Percent			
Gilmer	8,922	5,340	4,326	5,438	7	0.1	784	79.5%	26.4
Glascock	2,672	1,417	970	1,632	351	21.5	690	59.4%	27.5
Glynn	41,954	16,902	13,053	25,512	6,762	26.5	1,465	51.1%	25.1
Gordon	19,228	10,862	5,577	12,110	669	5.5	1,075	46.0%	27.7
Grady	18,015	6,176	4,870	10,569	3,364	31.8	828	46.0%	25.4
Greene	11,193	5,717	3,791	6,563	2,998	45.7	839	57.7%	25.6
Gwinnett	43,541	25,643	13,528	26,140	1,841	7.0	1,250	51.7%	25.0
Habersham	18,116	9,566	5,007	11,194	518	4.6	1,103	44.7%	25.0
Hall	49,739	17,963	12,299	30,515	2,789	9.1	1,321	40.3%	26.1
Hancock	9,979	2,794	1,999	5,303	3,576	67.4	620	37.6%	20.0
Haralson	14,543	6,276	5,315	9,213	642	7.0	1,240	57.6%	28.6
Harris	11,167	4,042	3,106	6,412	3,102	48.4	1,033	48.4%	24.7
Hart	15,229	6,740	4,308	9,214	1,832	19.9	$1,004	46.7%	26.2
Heard	5,333	3,140	1,868	3,251	590	18.1	842	57.4%	28.1
Henry	17,619	10,655	6,708	9,968	3,539	35.5	1,063	67.2%	23.3
Houston	39,154	13,651	10,790	21,970	4,228	19.2	1,555	49.1%	22.3
Irwin	9,211	5,000	2,757	5,361	1,602	29.9	739	51.4%	25.0
Jackson	18,499	8,135	5,617	11,537	1,309	11.3	1,117	48.6%	28.0
Jasper	6,135	2,894	1,923	3,630	1,705	47.0	826	52.9%	26.9
Jeff Davis	8,914	6,254	2,620	5,025	909	18.1	913	52.1%	22.6
Jefferson	17,468	5,406	4,203	9,717	4,780	49.2	725	43.2%	22.6
Jenkins	9,148	3,572	2,417	5,195	2,210	42.5	799	46.5%	23.9
Johnson	8,048	3,507	2,622	4,716	1,261	26.7	906	55.5%	25.5
Jones	8,468	4,708	3,185	4,840	2,185	45.1	877	65.8%	23.6
Lamar	10,240	5,165	3,118	6,196	2,118	34.2	1,187	50.3%	26.3
Lanier	5,097	2,398	1,380	2,914	756	25.9	772	47.3%	23.1
Laurens	32,313	16,055	9,285	19,462	6,284	32.3	978	47.7%	26.6
Lee	6,204	1,755	1,285	3,222	1,795	55.7	713	39.8%	19.6
Liberty	14,487	5,419	3,670	8,486	3,176	37.4	1,044	43.2%	21.8
Lincoln	5,906	2,280	1,296	3,310	1,336	40.4	690	39.1%	22.6
Long	3,874	2,670	1,582	2,162	635	29.4	692	73.1%	23.2

County	Population[1]	Registered Voters 1962[2]	Votes Cast for President in 1964[3]	Population of Voting Age in 1960[3] Total	Nonwhite Number	Nonwhite Percent	Per Capita Income[4] 1960	% of Voting Age Pop. Voting for Pres. in 1964	% Illiterate Over 25
Lowndes	49,270	15,048	11,174	29,205	8,459	29.0	1,281	38.2%	23.8
Lumpkin	7,241	3,360	2,044	4,579	79	1.7	932	44.6%	22.9
Macon	13,170	4,081	2,799	7,248	4,077	56.3	749	38.6%	21.6
Madison	11,246	4,979	3,531	6,951	989	14.2	847	50.7%	27.5
Marion	5,477	1,510	1,084	2,962	1,609	54.3	622	36.5%	20.5
McDuffie	12,627	4,372	3,781	7,365	2,740	37.2	1,033	51.3%	24.4
McIntosh	6,364	3,224	1,988	3,466	1,823	52.6	802	57.3%	21.4
Meriwether	19,756	6,124	4,673	11,537	4,990	43.3	932	40.5%	25.1
Miller	6,908	3,676	1,932	4,041	946	23.4	720	47.8%	25.8
Mitchell	19,652	6,375	4,462	11,026	4,971	45.1	887	40.4%	22.9
Monroe	10,495	4,425	3,243	6,259	2,652	42.4	1,033	51.8%	23.9
Montgomery	6,284	3,735	2,287	3,808	1,288	33.8	868	60.0%	24.7
Morgan	10,280	4,704	3,139	5,884	2,469	42.0	845	53.3%	24.1
Murray	10,447	6,126	3,490	6,260	51	0.8	953	55.7%	24.9
Muscogee	158,623	45,106	33,471	97,211	22,549	23.2	1,521	34.4%	24.2
Newton	20,999	10,111	6,298	12,812	3,767	29.4	1,131	49.1%	26.4
Oconee	6,304	2,767	2,314	3,909	681	17.4	942	59.1%	27.8
Oglethorpe	7,926	3,169	1,990	4,673	1,709	36.6	$ 727	42.5%	25.3
Paulding	13,101	8,513	4,427	7,956	603	7.6	1,198	55.6%	26.2
Peach	13,846	4,471	3,555	8,212	4,562	55.6	1,045	43.2%	23.3
Pickens	8,903	6,067	3,885	5,515	251	4.6	1,034	70.4%	26.8
Pierce	9,678	4,864	2,963	5,567	1,135	20.4	866	53.2%	24.3
Pike	7,138	3,723	2,010	4,227	1,643	38.9	785	47.5%	26.5
Polk	28,015	14,161	7,837	17,507	2,442	13.9	1,165	44.7%	28.7
Pulaski	8,204	3,682	2,721	4,861	1,843	37.9	1,028	55.9%	25.5
Putnam	7,798	3,590	2,214	4,501	2,204	49.0	967	49.1%	24.1
Quitman	2,432	693	607	1,288	707	54.9	603	47.1%	20.5
Rabun	7,456	3,987	2,347	4,435	43	1.0	903	52.9%	25.7
Randolph	11,078	3,387	2,618	6,541	3,663	56.0	853	40.0%	25.6
Richmond	135,601	43,636	35,026	86,100	24,785	28.8	1,422	40.6%	24.5
Rockdale	10,572	5,414	3,475	6,220	1,512	24.3	1,130	55.8%	24.5

County	Population[1]	Registered Voters 1964[2]	Votes Cast for President in 1964[3]	Population of Voting Age in 1960[3] Total	Nonwhite Number	Nonwhite Percent	Per Capita Income[4] 1960	% of Voting Age Pop. Voting for Pres. in 1964	% Illiterate Over 25
Schley	3,256	1,217	954	1,864	903	48.4	769	51.1%	23.1
Screven	14,919	5,439	3,706	8,286	3,729	45.0	744	44.7%	23.0
Seminole	6,802	3,408	1,721	3,903	1,255	32.2	747	44.0%	24.8
Spalding	35,404	12,983	10,229	21,909	5,252	24.0	1,436	46.6%	27.9
Stephens	18,391	9,290	4,854	11,330	1,355	12.0	1,200	42.8%	27.2
Stewart	7,371	1,950	1,410	4,146	2,681	64.7	757	34.0%	23.1
Sumter	24,652	7,700	5,501	14,440	6,710	46.5	1,028	38.0%	24.4
Talbot	7,127	1,869	1,306	3,944	2,507	63.6	676	33.1%	22.1
Talaferro	3,370	1,814	965	1,990	1,073	53.9	682	48.4%	26.1
Tattnall	15,837	9,336	4,912	10,512	3,135	29.8	704	46.7%	30.0
Taylor	8,311	3,123	2,469	4,771	2,004	42.0	730	51.7%	24.2
Telfair	11,715	5,673	3,786	7,025	2,087	29.7	749	53.8%	26.9
Terrell	12,742	3,552	2,490	7,095	4,057	57.2	746	35.0%	22.7
Thomas	34,319	13,433	9,563	20,823	7,644	36.7	1,142	45.9%	27.8
Tift	23,487	9,469	6,936	13,724	3,513	25.6	1,009	50.5%	23.9
Toombs	16,837	8,177	5,228	9,957	2,444	24.5	972	52.5%	25.3
Towns	4,538	3,708	2,429	2,943	1	(Z)	732	82.5%	24.1
Treutlen	5,874	3,691	2,053	3,441	968	28.1	735	59.6%	25.2
Troup	47,189	17,411	11,309	29,156	8,577	29.4	1,201	38.7%	28.0
Turner	8,439	3,087	2,391	4,957	1,535	31.0	802	48.2%	26.1
Twiggs	7,935	2,511	1,964	4,224	2,255	53.4	757	46.4%	20.0
Union	6,510	4,475	3,608	3,958	1	(Z)	722	91.1%	28.5
Upson	23,800	8,120	6,378	14,774	3,615	24.5	$1,341	43.1%	28.1
Walker	45,264	29,634	11,393	27,899	1,388	5.0	1,411	40.8%	26.8
Walton	20,481	7,485	5,224	12,468	3,076	24.7	1,047	41.8%	26.4
Ware	34,219	15,953	10,137	20,434	4,763	23.3	1,325	49.6%	26.7
Warren	7,360	2,074	1,454	4,135	2,224	53.8	661	35.1%	23.1
Washington	18,903	7,069	4,126	10,824	5,451	50.4	814	38.1%	24.1
Wayne	17,921	10,400	5,801	10,082	1,878	18.6	1,053	57.5%	22.7
Webster	3,247	812	601	1,750	975	55.7	475	34.3%	20.2
Wheeler	5,342	2,826	1,829	3,060	824	26.9	746	59.7%	24.9

County	Population[1]	Registered Voters 1964[2]	Votes Cast for President in 1964[3]	Population of Voting Age in 1960[3] Total	Nonwhite Number	Nonwhite Percent	Per Capita Income[4] 1960	% of Voting Age Pop. Voting for Pres. in 1964	% Illiterate Over 25
White	6,935	4,628	2,360	4,216	169	4.0	854	55.9%	24.5
Whitfield	42,109	19,791	11,849	25,522	1,085	4.3	1,409	46.4%	25.6
Wilcox	7,905	3,993	2,694	4,591	1,282	27.9	693	58.6%	26.3
Wilkes	10,961	4,438	3,089	6,722	3,101	46.1	1,015	45.9%	28.3
Wilkinson	9,250	4,056	3,135	5,414	2,279	42.1	977	57.9%	25.0
Worth	16,682	5,763	4,019	9,100	3,776	41.5	651	44.1%	21.3
Total	3,943,116	1,666,778	1,138,753	2,409,062	612,909	25.4%	$1,609	43.2%	25.9

1 1960 Census.

2 Secretary of State of Georgia.

3 Current Population Reports, 1960 Population of Voting Age and Votes Cast for President, 1964 and 1960, for States and Counties, Series P-23, No. 14, April 21, 1965, published by the Bureau of the Census.

4 1960 Census of Population, Per Capita and Median Family Income in 1959, for States, Standard Metropolitan Statiscal Areas, and Counties, PC (S1)-48, July 30, 1965, published by the Bureau of the Census.

APPENDIX B.

Georgia Constitutional and Statutory Provisions Governing Registration and Voting.

GEORGIA CONSTITUTION OF 1945.

ARTICLE II.

Section I. Qualification of Voters.

Paragraph I. Elections by ballot; registration of voters.—Elections by the people shall be by ballot, and only those persons shall be allowed to vote who have been first registered in accordance with the requirements of law.

Paragraph II. Who shall be an elector entitled to register and vote.—Every citizen of this State who is a citizen of the United States, eighteen years old or upwards, not laboring under any of the disabilities named in this Article, and possessing the qualifications provided by it, shall be an elector and entitled to register and vote at any election by the People: Provided, that no soldier, sailor or marine in the military or naval services of the United States shall acquire the rights of an elector by reason of being stationed on duty in this State.

Paragraph III. Who entitled to register and vote.—To entitle a person to register and vote at any election by the people, he shall have resided in the State one year next preceding the election, and in the county in which he offers to vote six months next preceding the election.

Paragraph IV. Qualifications of electors.—Every citizen of this State shall be entitled to register as an elector,

and to vote in all elections in said State, who is not disqualified under the provisions of Section II of Article II of this Constitution, and who possesses the qualifications prescribed in Paragraphs II and III of this Section or who will possess them at the date of the election occurring next after his registration, and who in addition thereto comes within either of the classes provided for in the two following subdivisions of this paragraph.

1. All persons who are of good character and understand the duties and obligations of citizenship under a republican form of government; or,

2. All persons who can correctly read in the English language any paragraph of the Constitution of the United States or of this State and correctly write the same in the English language when read to them by any one of the registrars, and all persons who solely because of physical disability are unable to comply with the above requirements but who can understand and give a reasonable interpretation of any paragraph of the Constitution of the United States or of this State that may be read to them by any one of the registrars.

Paragraph V. Appeal from decision of registrars.— Any person to whom the right of registration is denied by the registrars upon the ground that he lacks the qualifications set forth in the two subdivisions of Paragraph IV shall have the right to take an appeal, and any citizen may enter an appeal from the decision of the registrars allowing any person to register under said subdivisions. All appeals must be filed in writing with the registrars within ten days from the date of the decision complained of, and shall be returned by the registrars to the office of the clerk of the superior court to be tried as other appeals.

Section II. Registration.

Paragraph I. Registration of electors; who disfranchised.—The General Assembly may provide, from time to time, for the registration of all electors, but the following classes of persons shall not be permitted to register, vote or hold any office, or appointment of honor, or trust in this State, to wit: 1st. Those who shall have been convicted in any court of competent jurisdiction of treason against the State, of embezzlement of public funds, malfeasance in office, bribery or larceny, or of any crime involving moral turpitude, punishable by the laws of this State with imprisonment in the penitentiary, unless such persons shall have been pardoned. 2nd. Idiots and insane persons.

PERTINENT SECTIONS FROM GEORGIA ELECTION CODE OF 1964 GA. LAWS 1964 EX. SESS., p. 26.

Section 34-602. Elector's qualifications; applicants acquiring age and residence qualifications within six months permitted to register; electors not required to reregister.—No person shall vote in any primary or election held in this State unless he shall be: (a) registered as an elector in the manner prescribed by law; (b) a citizen of this State and of the United States; (c) at least eighteen years of age; (d) a resident of this State at least one year next preceding the date of such primary or election, and of the county in which he seeks to vote at least six months next preceding the date of such primary or election; and (e) possessed of all other qualifications prescribed by law. Any person who possesses the qualifications of an elector except those concerning age or residence or both, shall be permitted to register to vote if such person will acquire such qualifications within six months after the day of registration, provided, however, that such person shall not be permitted to vote in a primary or

election until the acquisition of such qualifications. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Chapter, any person who was qualified and registered to vote at the time of the adoption of this Code shall not be required to reregister under the terms of this Chapter unless such person shall have become or becomes disqualified to vote, by reason of having been purged from the list of electors or for any other reason whatsoever, in which event, such person shall, in order to become registered to vote, reregister under the terms of this Chapter.

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Section 34-608. Registration cards; supply; use.—The registrars of the several counties shall obtain a supply of registration cards which shall be used by them in connection with the application of those persons seeking to register as electors. The governing authority of each county shall pay the costs of registration cards and other supplies from county funds.

Section 34-609. Form of registration cards.—(a) The registration cards, for use by persons other than absentee applicants, shall be in substantially the following form and contain all the following, but the registrars may require additional information and provide for its inclusion on the card. The form may be printed on cards or separate sheets of paper, but for convenience, the card, or sheet or sheets of paper, shall be referred to as the "Registration Card."

REGISTRATION CARD

Name .....
(First) (Middle or Initial) (Maiden) (Last)
(Printed or Typed)

Election District .....

Mailing Address .....

Age..... Place of Birth.....
(Town or City) (County) (State)

Date of Birth..... Sex.....
(Month) (Day) (Year)

Color of Eyes..... Color of Hair.....

Weight..... Height..... Race.....

Occupation .....

Social Security No.....
(If known at the time of application.)

Mother's Maiden Name .....

Father's Name .....

Will assistance in voting be required in the manner permitted by Section 34-1317? (Yes) (No)

Georgia, ... County.

I do swear (or affirm) that I am a citizen of the United States and of the State of Georgia; that I am at least eighteen years of age, or will be on the .... day of ...., 19....; that I have resided in this State for at least one year, and in this county for at least six months, immediately preceding the date of this oath, or will have so resided on the .... day of ....., 19...,; that I possess the qualifications of an elector required by the laws of this State; that I am not registered to vote in any other county; that I am not registered to vote under any other name; that I have correctly answered

the questions appearing elsewhere on this card under the words: "Questions Propounded to Applicant"; and that the information contained elsewhere on this card is true.

(Sign here).....

(Signature shall be the same as name appearing elsewhere on card.)

Sworn to (or affirmed) and subscribed before me this .... day of ....., 19.....

.....

(Deputy) Registrar

Questions Propounded to Applicant.

Have you ever been convicted in any court of competent jurisdiction of treason against the State, of embezzlement of public funds, malfeasance in office, bribery or larceny, or of any crime involving moral turpitude, punishable by the laws of this State with imprisonment in the penitentiary? If so, what was the offense, the place and court of conviction and the approximate date? If so, and if pardoned, what was the date of the pardon?

Do you desire to qualify as an elector by reason of your ability to read and write the English language, or by reason of your ability to answer the standard list of questions?

.....

Board of Registrars

By: .....

(The space above shall be marked approved or rejected after the examination of the applicant's qualification.)

(b) The registration cards for use by applicants for absentee registration shall be in substantially the same form as the above form of registration card, except that the affidavit and "Questions Propounded to Applicant"

portions shall be eliminated and in lieu thereof the following form of affidavit shall be used:

I do swear (or affirm) that I am a citizen of the United States and of the State of Georgia; that I am at least eighteen years of age, or will be on the .... day of ...., 19....; that I have resided in this State for at least one year, and in the County of ..... for at least six months, immediately preceding the date of this application, or will have so resided on the .... day of ....., 19....; that my residence for voting purposes is located at ..... in such County; that my temporary address outside of this State is ....; that I am (a member of the armed forces of the United States and in active service)* (a member of the merchant marine of the United States)* (a civilian employee of the United States)* (a member of a religious group or welfare agency assisting members of the armed forces of the United States, and officially attached to and serving with such armed forces)* [(spouse)* (dependent)* of a person described in the above circled category]*; That I possess the qualifications of an elector required by the Constitution of the State of Georgia; that I am not registered to vote in any other county; that I am not registered to vote under any other name; that I have never been convicted in any court of competent jurisdiction of treason against the State of Georgia, of embezzlement of public funds, malfeasance in office, bribery or larceny, or of any crime involving moral turpitude, punishable by the laws of the State of Georgia with imprisonment in the penitentiary, or if so convicted, that I have been pardoned; and that the information contained elsewhere on this card is true.

(Sign here) .....

(Signature shall be the same as name appearing elsewhere on card.)

(*Strike if not applicable.)

(This affidavit or affirmation must be sworn to or affirmed before an official authorized to administer oaths by the law of the place of executing this application.)

Sworn to (or affirmed) and subscribed before me this .... day of ....., 19.....

.....
(Signature of official administering oath.)

.....
(Typed or printed name and office of official.)

.....
(Typed or printed identification number, if any, and address of such official if security requirements permit.)

(c) The board of registrars may require that registration cards be executed in duplicate.

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Section 34-612. Applications for registration; furnishing of information; administration and attestation of oath required of applicant.—Any person desiring to register as an elector shall apply to a registrar or a deputy and shall furnish such officer with information which will enable him to fill in all of the blanks appearing on the registration card. On completion of the form the officer shall administer the oath to the applicant and then have him sign it, and the officer shall then attest it. Upon request of the applicant, the officer taking the application shall read or repeat the oath distinctly to the applicant, and if the applicant cannot sign his name, the officer shall sign it for him, the applicant making his mark thereto.

Section 34-613. Referral of cards to registrars; rejection of applications; notification to and examination of applicants; alternative method of registration.—(a) All registration cards shall be referred to the registrars and examined by them within ten days from the date of the application. If the answer to the question propounded to the applicant relating to the offenses enumerated in Paragraph I of Section II of Article II of the State Constitution is answered in the affirmative and the applicant has not been pardoned, the registrars shall reject the application. If such question is answered in the negative, the board shall notify the applicant in writing to appear before it on a day and time certain. At that time, the applicant shall be subjected to an examination as to his qualifications. Such notice shall be given within five days after the date of the examination of the card. The examination of the applicant shall be conducted in accordance with the procedure hereinafter prescribed.

(b) Notwithstsanding any other provision of this Chapter, if additional places for registration have been designated, the chief registrar shall designate one or more registrars or one or more deputies, or any combination thereof, to act as a board of registrars for the purpose of taking applications for registration, examining applicants and registering persons to vote at each place of registration. Applicants who are qualified shall be registered to vote at the time of application. While so acting, such registrar or registrars, or deputy or deputies, or combination thereof, shall have all the rights and powers and shall be subject to all the limitations that are applicable to the board of registrars.

Section 34-614. Failure of applicant to give information or giving of false information.—The failure on the part of the applicant to disclose information sought by a direct question of the registration officers in connection with the taking of the application or at subsequent proceedings, or

the giving of false information, shall result in the application being rejected by the registration officers, and shall also be a cause for challenge, which, if sustained, shall result in the elector's name being removed from the list.

Section 34-615. Appeals from decisions denying or allowing registrations.—Any person to whom the right of registration is denied by the registration officers shall have the right to take an appeal to the superior court of the county, and any elector may enter an appeal to such court from the decision of the registration officers allowing any person to register. All appeals must be filed in writing with the board of registrars within ten days from the date of the decision complained of, and shall be returned by the board of registrars to the office of the clerk of such court to be tried as other appeals. Pending an appeal and until the final judgment of the case, the decision of the registration officers shall remain in full force.

Section 34-616. Storage and destruction of records of rejected applicants.—In the event an appellant is refused registration by the registration officers, the application of such person and other material and records relative thereto shall be placed on file with the other records of the board of registrars for at least two years from the date of refusal.

Section 34-617. Text of qualifications to be applied by registration officers.—When an applicant appears before the registration officers for examination, they shall proceed as hereinafter provided.

(a) If the applicant applies for registration and seeks to qualify on the basis of literacy, the registration officers shall submit to him a paragraph of the Constitution of the State of Georgia or of the United States and the applicant shall be required to read it aloud and write it in the English language. If the applicant reads the para-

graph intelligibly and writes it legibly, possesses the other necessary qualifications and is not disqualified for any reason, the card shall be marked approved and the applicant shall be considered an elector. Otherwise, the registration card shall be marked rejected. If the applicant states that solely because of physical disability, he is unable to read or write, the paragraph shall be read to him by a registration officer and he shall be called upon to give a reasonable interpretation thereof. The interpretation shall give to the words the significance ordinarily attached to them by a layman of average intellect and attainments. If, in the opinion of the registration officers, the applicant gives such a reasonable interpretation, possesses the other necessary qualifications and is not disqualified for any reason, the card shall be marked approved and the applicant shall be considered an elector. Otherwise, the registration card shall be marked rejected.

(b) If the applicant applies for registration and seeks to qualify on the basis of his good character and his understanding of the duties and obligations of citizenship under a republican form of government, he shall be given an examination based upon a standard list of questions as hereinafter provided.

(c) In all situations arising under this Code where the applicant or the elector, as the case may be, is required to be served with a notice of a hearing, such notice, unless otherwise provided herein, shall specify a date not less than three nor more than thirty days after the date of the notice. The notice may be served by mailing it to the applicant or the elector at the address given on his registration card. In the alternative, the registration officers may proceed to the examination of the applicant instanter and without notice.

(d) Failure to appear at the time specified in any notice given under the provisions of this Chapter shall consti-

tute cause for rejecting an application or of removing an elector's name from the list. In either event, no new application for registration shall be received from any such person until after the beginning of the next calendar year, provided, however, an application may be reinstated and an elector's name returned to the list if such person can satisfactorily account for his failure to appear at the time specified in such notice.

(e) In all cases under this Section and under this Chapter where an application is rejected or an elector's name is removed from the list, the registrars on the day of such event shall notify such person by mail directed to the address shown on the registration card. If any adverse decision is reached when such person is present and he is so notified by the board, no written notice shall be required.

Section 34-618. Oral Examination of applicants on standard questions.—The examination which the registration officers shall submit to an applicant who claims the right to register on the basis of good character and understanding of the duties and obligations of citizenship under a republican form of government, shall be based upon the following list of standard questions, and the questions on this list and no others shall be submitted to such applicant:

1. Who is the President of the United States?

2. Who is the Vice President of the United States?

3. Who are the two United States Senators from Georgia?

4. Who is the Governor of Georgia?

5. Who are the members of the General Assembly who represent you?

6. Who is the Congressman from your Congressional District?

7. What are the names of the persons who occupy the following offices in your county?

(1) Clerk of the Superior Court

(2) Ordinary

(3) Sheriff

(4) County School Superintendent

8. What are the names of the three branches of the United States government?

9. If the Governor of Georgia dies, who exercises the executive power, and if both the Governor and the person who succeed him die, who exercises the executive power?

10. Name five constitutional offices of the State of Georgia and give the names of persons now holding such offices?

11. How many Congressional Districts in Georgia are there and in which one do you live?

12. On what day and how often is the general election held in Georgia at which members of the General Assembly of Georgia are elected?

13. How are the members of the Board of Education selected in your county?

14. What officer of the county is in charge of general elections?

15. In what county office does a person return his property for State and county taxes?

16. How many Representatives and how many Senators are there in the General Assembly of Georgia?

17. Give the title of the presiding officer of the House of Representatives and the title of the presiding officer of the Senate in the Georgia General Assembly?

18. What are the terms of office for Senators and Representatives in the United States Congress?

19. Name the Judicial Circuit in which you reside and name the Solicitor General?

20. Name the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Georgia and the Chief Justice of the United States Supreme Court?

If the applicant can give correct answers to fifteen of the twenty questions propounded to him, possesses the other necessary qualifications and is not disqualified in any other way, the card shall be marked "approved" and the applicant shall be considered an elector; otherwise the applicant is rejected.

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Section 34-620. Permanency of registration; biennial revision of records; registration.—(a) The electors who have qualified shall not thereafter be required to register or further qualify, except as provided by law. No person shall remain a qualified voter who does not vote in at least one general primary or general election, as provided in this Section, within a three-year period unless he shall specifically request continuation of his registration in the manner hereinafter provided.

(b) Within sixty days after the first day of January, beginning in the year 1965, and biennially thereafter, the registrars shall revise and correct the registration records in the following manner. They shall examine the registration cards and shall suspend the registration of all electors who have not voted in any general primary or general election within the three years immediately preceding such first day of January. On or before March 1st of such year they shall mail notice by first class mail to each elector, at his last known address, stating substantially as follows: "You are hereby notified that according to State law, your registration as a qualified voter will be cancelled for having failed to vote within the past three years, unless before April 1st of the current year you

continue your registration by applying in writing to the board of registrars." Effective April 1, 1965, and biennially thereafter, the registrars shall cancel the registration of all electors thus notified who have not applied for continuance, and the names of all such electors shall be wholly removed from the list of electors prior to May 1st of that year.

(c) Any elector whose registration has been thus cancelled may reregister in the manner provided for original registration in this law. No person shall remain an elector longer than he shall retain the qualifications under which he is registered.

Section 34-621. Filing of disqualification lists with registrars.—The clerk of the superior court of each county shall, on or before the 10th day of each month, prepare and file with the registrars a complete list, alphabetically arranged, of persons residing in the county who appear to be disqualified from voting by reason of having been convicted of a crime during the preceding month, the penalty of which is disfranchisement, unless such person has been pardoned and the right of suffrage restored to him. The ordinary of each county shall, by such date, file a similar list of all persons residing in the county who appear to be disqualified from voting by reason of an adjudication of idiocy or insanity during the preceding month. The local registrar of vital statistics of each county shall, by such date, file a similar list of those persons who have died during the preceding month. Each such list shall contain such other information as may be necessary to individually identify persons having the same or similar names.

Section 34-622. Preparation of electors list.—The registrars, not later than the voter registration deadline for the November election in each even-numbered year, shall begin the work of perfecting a true and correct list of

the electors of their county for use in such election. They shall place on such list only those persons they have found to be prima facie qualified to vote and those persons whom they shall subsequently find to be prima facie qualified to vote. In preparing such list, they shall examine the lists of disqualified persons furnished them and if any applicant's or elector's name is found thereon, they shall not place his name on the electors list. If the information comes to them after the preparation and filing of the list, they shall call upon him to show cause why it should not be removed from the list. They shall also indicate on such list the names of those electors who are eligible to receive assistance in voting and who have notified the registrars of such eligibility. The registrars shall proceed with their work of perfecting such list of electors and shall complete the same as soon as practicable but in no event later than five days prior to the November election.

Section 34-623. Filing of certified lists with superior court clerk and Secretary of State; obtaining lists from Secretary of State and board of registrars; arrangement of names; appearance of name on list as prerequisite to voting.—Within three days after completing such list of electors, the registrars shall file with the clerk of the superior court of their county and the Secretary of State a certified copy of such list. When requested, it shall be the duty of the Secretary of State or of the board of registrars, as the case may be, to furnish a certified copy of such list, or any part thereof, upon payment of a fee sufficient to cover the cost of preparing such list, but in no event shall the fee exceed an amount equal to one cent for the name of each elector appearing thereon. The list shall be alphabetically arranged by election districts and it shall be the list of electors for the November election to be held in such year. No person whose name does not appear on such list shall vote or be allowed to vote at such November election, except as hereinafter provided.

Section 34-624. Right of electors named on list to vote; purging lists; consolidating of lists.—Each elector whose name appears on such list, and who is not found to be disqualified subsequent to the filing of such list, shall be entitled to vote in any primary or election held during the period subsequent to the filing of such list and before the filing of the next such list; provided, however, that an elector, voting in the primary or primaries held by a single party for the nomination of candidates to seek public offices to be filled in an election, shall not vote in a primary held by any other party for the nomination of candidates to seek public offices to be filled in the same such election. It shall be the duty of the registrars to consolidate such list and any such supplemental list for any such primary or election and to make certain that no person is listed more than once.

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Section 34-627. Right of registrars to re-examine qualifications of electors listed; subpoenaing of documents and witnesses; service of summonses; notices and subpoenas; notice of hearing to elector whose right to remain on list is questioned.—(a) The board of registrars of each county shall have the right and shall be charged with the duty of examining from time to time the qualifications of each elector whose name is entered upon the list of electors, and shall not be limited or estopped by any action previously taken.

(b) For the purpose of determining the qualification or disqualification of applicants and electors, the registrars may, upon at least five days' notice, require the production of books, papers and other material, and upon like notice may subpoena witnesses. The registrars may swear any witness appearing before them. If the registrars shall differ among themselves upon any question coming before them, the concurrent votes of two of the registrars shall control.

(c) The sheriff, his deputy, or any lawful constable of such county shall serve all summonses, notices and subpoenas, as issued by such registrars and placed in the hands of any such official. Such official shall receive such compensation as is provided for like services in the superior court. In case of the refusal of any person subpoenaed to attend or testify, such fact shall be reported forthwith by the registrars to the appropriate superior court, or to a judge thereof, and such court or judge shall order such witness to attend and testify, and, on failure or refusal to obey such order, such witness shall be dealt with as for contempt. Any witness so subpoenaed, and after attending, shall be allowed and paid the same mileage and fee as now allowed and paid witnesses in civil actions in the superior court.

(d) If the right of any person to remain on the list of electors, whose name appears thereon, is questioned by the registrars, they shall give such person written notice of the time and place of a hearing to determine such right which shall be served upon such person in the manner herein provided for other notices.

Section 34-628. Challenge of listed persons by other electors; proceedings upon challenge.—(a) Any elector of the county shall be allowed to challenge the right of registration of any person whose name appears upon the electors list, and upon a challenge as to the qualifications of the elector being filed, the registrars shall notify the elector and pass upon the challenge. Each challenge shall specify the grounds of the challenge, and when notice is given the elector by the registrars, a copy of such challenge shall be furnished the challenged elector at least three days before passing upon the same. Any elector of the county shall also be allowed to challenge the qualifications of any applicant for registration. A challenge of a person's qualification to register or to vote

shall be decided in every case by the board of registrars with the right of appeal therefrom to the superior court.

(b) Any other provision of this law to the contrary notwithstanding, no challenge as provided in this Section shall be valid as to a person who has registered to vote prior to March 25, 1958, on the grounds that such person does not come within either of the classes provided in the two subdivisions of Paragraph IV of Section I of Article II of the State Constitution.

(c) Any elector of the county shall be allowed to challenge the right to vote of any person whose name appears upon the electors list by making application to the board of registrars of the county at any time including election day itself. Such challenge may be oral or written but shall distinctly set forth the grounds of challenge. The board of registrars shall immediately consider the same and unless they find probable cause to sustain such challenge shall deny it. If the registrars find probable cause to sustain such challenge the poll officers of the challenged elector's district shall be notified and if practical the challenged elector shall be notified and afforded an opportunity to answer. If the challenged elector presents himself at the polling place to vote he shall be given an opportunity to appear before the registrar and answer the grounds of challenge, and such registrars shall: a. After hearing the challenger and the challenged elector, determine whether probable cause to sustain such challenge exists; b. If no probable cause exists, the challenged elector shall be permitted to vote. c. If in doubt as to the merit of the challenge shall permit the challenged elector to vote by having the word "challenged" written across the back of the challenged elector's ballot for later determination.